# **CHEMISTRY RESOURCES**

Chemists frequently need to perform literature searches to find physical, chemical and spectroscopic properties of substances. Properties are needed to help identify substances and to select substances for specific applications. The literature is also a source for organic synthesis instructions. When attempting to perform a chemical synthesis, it would be senseless to ignore all of the research that has been reported in the literature. A quality literature search will enable you to learn from the experiences of others and arrive at the optimal conditions for a reaction in a much shorter amount of time. As Isaac Newton said, "If I have seen farther than others, it is because I have stood on the shoulders of giants." A good working knowledge of the literature puts you on the shoulders of the chemists who have preceded you. The importance of knowing how to access the huge and ever growing amount of chemistry literature cannot be understated.

Literature references can generally be divided into two categories, primary sources and secondary sources. The primary literature references are most commonly the journals that contain the direct reports of the research scientists such as the *Journal of the American Chemical Society*. Searches of information from primary journals usually involves use of an abstracting service such as *Chemical Abstracts*. *Chemical Abstracts* is generally available in university libraries but is very expensive and not usually available in community college libraries. Online access to *Chemical Abstracts* is also expensive. In this course, most of your literature searches will be in secondary sources such as the *Handbook of Chemistry and Physics* or the *Aldrich Chemical Catalog* and many valuable sites on the Internet. Secondary sources compile data from primary sources into condensed formats and handier tables. In some cases, especially for Internet sites, it is possible that the reference should be considered a tertiary source as the data has been collected from secondary sources. In any event and most importantly, whenever you are writing research articles, most citations should be to primary sources as there are occasional errors made whenever data is compiled.

Compilations of Properties. In almost all of the experiments you will perform in this course, you will need to look up intensive (do not depend on the amount of the substance) physical property data (e.g., density, melting point, boiling point, refractive index) to help you identify substances. College libraries usually will have some of the secondary references listed below. Note that most chemistry books are catalogued in the QD section (or 500 in the Dewey decimal system) of the library although a few are in the physics QC section. It is worth your time to browse the QD part of your library's reference section to give you an idea of which references are available. For each of these references, you will have to learn the fastest way to find data. It is sometimes difficult to figure out what to look for in the index for the Handbook of Chemistry and Physics. For properties of organic compounds, just open up the book to about the 1/3 point and you will find yourself in the middle of a huge section entitled "Physical Constants of Organic Compounds." The problem now is determining how the compound has been named by the compiler. The Handbook uses a system that might make it difficult for you. An alternative is to use the Aldrich Chemical Catalog. This commercial catalog includes the physical properties of the organic compounds sold by the company and the Aldrich nomenclature system is similar to the system you will learn in this course. Ask your instructor if there is an Aldrich Chemical Catalog available to put in your laboratory. The references listed below are among the best sources of secondary data.

Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, CRC Press, Boca Raton. Handbook of Chemistry, McGraw-Hill, New York. Dictionary of Organic Compounds, Chapman and Hall, London. Merck Index, Merck, N.J. Aldrich Chemical Catalog, Aldrich, Milwaukee.

While you probably do not own one of the above references, chances are that you have access to a computer with online access. The Internet has many sites that contain physical properties of substances. Some present the data directly when you input the name of the compound. In addition, many sites contain hotlinks to MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet). The MSDS usually contains property data in the 9<sup>th</sup> section on physical properties. MSDS also contain toxicity information that will be needed to complete *Exercise 3*. Probably the most complete and versatile of the sites is the Knovel Critical Tables. It will be well worth your time to register at the site and familiarize yourself with the contents. Hot links to most of the sites are available at the *Organic Chemistry Directory*.

Organic Chemistry Directories - https://organicchemistrydata.org/ http://murov.info/orgchem.htm

A.

Spectroscopic Collections. For online sources, see section I above. During this course, you will frequently be determining the ir, nmr and sometimes the uv-vis spectra of compounds. These spectra will be of immense help in many ways in the laboratory. First, the spectra are useful for verifying the identity of a substance. Second, for unknowns, the spectra will enable you to determine which, if any, functional groups are present in the molecule and provide considerable structural information. To verify the identity of a substance, you will need to compare an experimental copy of a spectrum to one published in the literature. There are huge catalogs of published spectra including the voluminous Sadtler Index and the more reasonably sized Aldrich libraries of ir and nmr spectra. For the latter, you can tell if the Aldrich collection contains the spectrum by looking up the compound in the Aldrich Chemical catalog. Check the QD part of the reference section of your library to see if these spectra collections are present in your library.

Fortunately, the Internet also contains several good collections of spectra. Spectra of most of the compounds you will use in this course can usually be found in at least one of the Internet collections. Particularly valuable with ir, nmr and mass spectra of many compounds is the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (referred to henceforth as NIMC) site This is generally the first place to look. The only minor problem with the site is that it does not recognize all the possible names of a compound (you will find that organic compounds usually can be named in more than one way). If the compound is not found by name, then enter its formula. The next screen will contain a list of all the compounds with the entered formula and you will have to figure out if one of them is the compound you are looking for. Links to these sites are available at the *Organic Chemistry Directory*. https://organicchemistrydata.org/ http://murov.info/orgchem.htm

#### 1. Tabulation

Murov - http://murov.info/orgcmpds.htm

WolframAlpha - http://www.wolframalpha.com/

Chemical Book - http://www.chemicalbook.com/

Chemidplus - https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/ https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

Stenutz - http://www.stenutz.eu/chem/search.php

ChemBK - https://www.chembk.com/en

ChemSynthesis - https://www.chemsynthesis.com/

Chemland 21 - http://www.chemicalland21.com/listaz01.htm

Chemblink http://www.chemblink.com/

ChemSRC - https://www.chemsrc.com/en/

LookChem - http://www.lookchem.com/

Human Metabolome Database - http://www.hmdb.ca/

EPA - https://chemview.epa.gov/chemview

https://www.epa.gov/saferchoice

MolBase - http://www.molbase.com/

PubChem - https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/

#### Osha - https://www.osha.gov/chemicaldata/

Shriner, et.al, Systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, manual for identifying organic compounds especially with the use of derivatives, includes tables of common organic compounds with melting or boiling points and melting points of derivatives in tables at back.

https://celqusb.files.wordpress.com/2018/04/kupdf-com\_systematic-identification-of-organic-compounds-wiley-shrinerhermannmorrillcurtinfuson.pdf (Copy and paste)

#### 2. Tabulation + MSDS

Acros, Fisher - https://www.fishersci.com/us/en/brands/I9C8LQ1I/acros-organics.html

Alpha Chemical - https://www.alfa.com/en/chemicals/

ChemExper Chem. Directory - <a href="http://www.chemexper.com/">http://www.chemexper.com/</a>

Chemidplus - <a href="https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/">https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/</a>

https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

Chemindex - http://ccinfoweb.ccohs.ca/chemindex/search.html

Chemspider - <a href="http://www.chemspider.com/">http://www.chemspider.com/</a>

http://www.chemspider.com/SimpleSearch.aspx

Wikipedia - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dictionary of chemical formulas

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of inorganic compounds

Chemical Book - http://www.chemicalbook.com/

#### 3. MSDS or SDS

Aldrich, Sigma, - https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/united-states.html

MSDS Solutions - http://www.msds.com/

Vermont Safety Information Resources, Inc. - http://hazard.com/msds/

MSDSprovider - http://www.msdsprovider.com/

MSDS online - https://www.msdsonline.com/

MSDS digital - https://www.msdsdigital.com/msds-database

Fisher - https://www.fishersci.com/us/en/catalog/search/sdshome.html

EHSO - http://ehso.com/msds-sds.php

#### 4. Compounds - http://www.endmemo.com/chem/chemsearch.php

#### C. Search for Compounds from Properties

Aldrich - http://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/search/substructure/

accepts - formula, structure, molecular mass, mp, bp, density

ChemExper Chem Directory - http://www.chemexper.com/advanced\_search.shtml

accepts - formula, structure, molecular mass, bp, mp, refractive index, density, ir, nmr

ChemNet Data Base <a href="http://poc.chemnetbase.com/faces/chemical/ChemicalSearch.xhtml">http://poc.chemnetbase.com/faces/chemical/ChemicalSearch.xhtml</a> accepts formula, melting point, boiling point

Chemspider - http://www.chemspider.com/FullSearch.aspx

accepts - formula, molecular mass

Melting point and molecular mass search: <a href="https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/">https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/</a>

accepts - formula, mp, bp

Murov - <a href="http://murov.info/orgcmpds.htm">http://murov.info/orgcmpds.htm</a>

search by molecular mass, bp, mp, density, refractiive index

Organic Chemistry Data Base - http://www.colby.edu/chemistry/cmp/cmp.html

accepts - formula, molecular mass, mp, bp, density, refractive index, ir, ms

NIMC site - http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi?lang=eng

accepts - formula, molecular mass, ir, nmr, ms

Polymers - <a href="http://www.matweb.com/search/PropertySearch.aspx">http://www.matweb.com/search/PropertySearch.aspx</a>

## D. Solvent Properties

http://murov.info/orgsolvents.htm http://murov.info/orgsolvsort.htm

https://www.organicdivision.org/ama/orig/organic solvents.html

http://www.stenutz.eu/chem/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solvent

https://www.ch.ic.ac.uk/williams/Solvent%20properties.pdf

ChemSynthesis - https://www.chemsynthesis.com/

nmr of deuterated solvents

http://www2.chem.umd.edu/nmr/reference/isotope\_solvent.pdf

#### E. Chemical Education Journals

J. Chem. Ed. - http://pubs.acs.org/journal/jceda8

http://pubs.acs.org/loi/jceda8

Education in Chemistry - <a href="http://www.rsc.org/eic/">http://www.rsc.org/eic/</a>

http://www.rsc.org/eic/e-magazine

Chem13 News - <a href="https://uwaterloo.ca/chem13-news-magazine/">https://uwaterloo.ca/chem13-news-magazine/</a>

- F. Chemistry Directory <a href="http://murov.info/webercises.htm">http://murov.info/webercises.htm</a>
- G. Organic Chemistry Directory <a href="https://organicchemistrydata.org/">https://organicchemistrydata.org/</a> / <a href="https://organicchemistrydata.org/">https://organicchemistrydata.org/</a> / <a href="https://organicchemistrydata.org/">https://organicchemistrydata.org/</a> /
- H. Reaction-Map of Organic Chemistry <a href="http://murov.info/Reaction-Map.htm">http://murov.info/Reaction-Map.htm</a>
  Exercise based on the above <a href="http://murov.info/orgchemrxnexe.htm">http://murov.info/orgchemrxnexe.htm</a>
- I. Literature search -

http://www.researchgate.net/

## J. Spectra

1. IR - Liquid or Solution

NIMC site - <a href="http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi">http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi</a>

NIST site - http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/

PSLC - <a href="http://pslc.uwsp.edu/">http://pslc.uwsp.edu/</a>

Aldrich, Sigma - https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/united-states.html

Gasmet - https://www.gasmet.com/de/products/tools/spectrum-library/

#### 2. IR - Gas Phase

NIST - http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/

Gasmet - <a href="https://www.gasmet.com/de/products/tools/spectrum-library/">https://www.gasmet.com/de/products/tools/spectrum-library/</a>

## 3.. HNMR - Experimental

NIMC site - http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre index.cgi?lang=eng

PSLC - http://pslc.uwsp.edu/

Aldrich, Sigma - https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/united-states.html

Solvents - http://www2.chem.umd.edu/nmr/reference/isotope solvent.pdf

Deuterated solvents - http://www.wiredchemist.com/chemistry/data/common\_nmr\_solvents.html bioorganics - http://mmcd.nmrfam.wisc.edu/mmcdbrowse.html

#### 4. HNMR - Calculated

ChemExper Chem Directory - <a href="http://www.chemexper.com/">http://www.chemexper.com/</a> nmrdb - <a href="http://www.nmrdb.org/">http://www.nmrdb.org/</a>

#### 5. 13CNMR - Experimental

NIMC site - <a href="http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi?lang=eng">http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi?lang=eng</a> PSLC - <a href="http://pslc.uwsp.edu/">http://pslc.uwsp.edu/</a>

#### 6. Mass

NIMC site - <a href="http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi?lang=eng">http://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre\_index.cgi?lang=eng</a> PSLC - <a href="http://pslc.uwsp.edu/">http://pslc.uwsp.edu/</a>

Pherobase - <a href="http://www.pherobase.com/database/compound/compounds-index.php">http://www.pherobase.com/database/compound/compounds-index.php</a> human metabolites - <a href="http://www.hmdb.ca/">http://www.hmdb.ca/</a>

#### 7. UV-Vis

NIST site - <a href="http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/">http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/</a>
OMLC - <a href="http://omlc.org/spectra/PhotochemCAD/html/alpha.html">http://omlc.org/spectra/PhotochemCAD/html/alpha.html</a>

- 8. Bibliography <a href="http://library.buffalo.edu/libraries/asl/guides/spectra.html">http://library.buffalo.edu/libraries/asl/guides/spectra.html</a>
- 9. Polymer spectra <a href="http://pslc.uwsp.edu/">http://pslc.uwsp.edu/</a>
- 10. Photophysical properties of organic compounds http://murov.info/photophys.htm
- 11. Fee based KnowItAll spectral database <a href="https://sciencesolutions.wiley.com/knowitall-u/">https://sciencesolutions.wiley.com/knowitall-u/</a>

#### K. Miscellaneous

#### 1. Acid Base Indicator properties

https://www.compoundchem.com/2014/04/04/the-colours-chemistry-of-ph-indicators/https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PH indicator

https://www.sciencecompany.com/ph indicator ranges.aspx

https://www.thoughtco.com/edible-ph-indicators-color-chart-603655

https://www.techknow.org.uk/wiki/index.php?title=PH

http://foundoutaboutchemistry.blogspot.com/2016/05/acid-base-indicator-charts.html

#### 2. Electronegativities

http://www.meta-synthesis.com/webbook/36 eneg/electroneg.html

https://periodictable.me/electronegativity-chart/

http://www.knowledgedoor.com/

## 3. pKa values

https://www2.chem.wisc.edu/areas/reich/pkatable/index.htm

http://www.wiredchemist.com/chemistry/data/acid constants.html

http://www.wiredchemist.com/chemistry/data/base\_constants.html

http://www.zirchrom.com/organic.htm

http://ccc.chem.pitt.edu/wipf/MechOMs/evans pKa table.pdf

#### 4. Hammett constants

http://www.wiredchemist.com/chemistry/data/hammett\_sigma\_constants.html http://old.iupac.org/publications/pac/1997/pdf/6912x2497.pdf

## M. Virtual Textbooks of Organic Chemistry

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirtTxtJml/intro1.htm

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirtTxtJml/intro1a.htm

https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Organic Chemistry/Book%3A Virtual Textbook of OChem (Reusch)

UNDER\_CONSTRUCTION

http://www.ochem.com

http://www.chemthes.com/rxn-type.php

http://www.chemguide.co.uk/orgpropsmenu.html

http://chemwiki.ucdavis.edu/Organic Chemistry

http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Organic Chemistry

http://www.stolaf.edu/depts/chemistry/courses/toolkits/247/

organic lab book - http://murov.info/orglab.htm

**Synthesis**. There are many primary and secondary sources of synthetic procedures available. Some of the most common secondary sources are listed below.

Organic Synthesis, Wiley, New York, 1941 - present.

Organic Reactions, Wiley, New York, 1942 - present.

Vogel, A. I., et. al., A Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Prentice Hall, 1989.

Fieser, L. F.; Fieser, M.; Smith, J. G., Reagents for Organic Synthesis, Wiley, New York, 1967 - present.

There are also some very useful organic synthesis sites in the *Synthesis and Reactions* section of the *Organic Chemistry Directory*.- https://organicchemistrydata.org/ http://murov.info/orgchem.htm

For those interested in real life organic synthesis challenges that can have financial rewards, visit: http://www.innocentive.com

**Organic Chemistry Concepts, Tutorials and Exercises**. If you would like supplements to your textbook for presentation of concepts, tutorials and additional exercises, there are many Internet sites listed in the *Educational Sites and Resources* section of the *Organic Chemistry Directory*.